TO THE READER

Studying economic history gives a reason to look at the direction taken by preceding generations, and to gauge the traditions formed in your country. All this allows you to be better oriented in the present and not to get lost in the future. The experience of any leading bank is informative, since it familiarizes contemporaries with dramatic events that reflect make or break moments in our country's life; the intricacies of our economic history. The pages of this book are also filled with examples of applying original financial and economic instruments that are ready for practical use in the present day. The unique history of Mosnarbank can undoubtedly teach us much. It pays to remember that 60 years ago, that very bank came up with, and was the first to begin using the Eurodollar.

The Moscow Narodny Bank is the oldest Russian commercial bank of all. The Savings Bank of the Russian Federation (Sberbank), with all due respect, was only created in 1988 from the Gostrudsberkassa system, which was not connected to the Sberbank of the Russian Empire. At the same time, it is difficult to name another bank that has established itself on three separate occasions without losing its name. The first time this happened in 1911, when the Moscow Narodny Bank first came into existence as the central bank of Russian cooperatives. After the 1917 revolution it wasn't nationalized as was the case with all other commercial banks, but became a cooperative branch of the National Bank. However the representatives of Russian cooperatives registered it a second time in London, in October 1919, as the Moscow Narodny Bank Ltd. The first board meeting was held 31 October at 4.30 pm. Then it became the central bank in the system of soviet (Russian) foreign banks. And thirdly, an international bank was created in this day and age.

Yes, the history of the Moscow Narodny Bank is unique; having accumulated vast social capital, it has proven that success is possible under entirely different circumstances, and economic forms. One of the fundamental elements of social capital is trust. Indeed, the level of trust that Moscow Narodny Bank has enjoyed, has always been huge. For almost the entirety of its history it was considered to be a high-class creditor and the most exigent of partners trusted in its guarantees. Is this not the best trait of a credit institution?!

Moreover the Moscow Narodny Bank was always interested in Russia's real economy; it was always in the centre of the most important processes taking place in our state. Before the revolution, when half of the country was associated with cooperatives, Mosnarbank, as already stated, was the central bank of Russian cooperatives. During Soviet times, Mosnarbank was at the forefront of technical upgrading and modernization of the Soviet Union's national economy. To this day, the Moscow Narodny Bank has become a bank that develops Russia's international cooperation. Despite all the perturbations, Moscow Narodny Bank has remained as it is. It is easy to see the continuity between such seemingly different banks. Readers can easily ascertain this for themselves.

History and contemporaneity; two equally significant and interconnected layers in any community's development. Without knowing the laws and stages of the first, it's doubtful that the second can have a comprehensive existance. That is why the publication of a book dedicated to over a century of history of the unique Moscow Narodny Bank is quite a remarkable event.

Different people have worked in the bank at different times: Russians, the English, Arabs, Singaporeans, the Chinese, Cypriots... They had their own plans and tasks, methods of resolving them, their victories which were attained by daily, sometimes at first glance, inconspicuous effort. Preserving their stories and experiences is an important task for us.

We hope that introspective readers will be able to feel the inner tension that went hand in hand with global changes in the banking system and in the country itself; the development process of the oldest commercial bank in Russia.

In conclusion we would like to thank:

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FROM THE AUTHOR

Moscow Narodny Bank has a unique history, in which it has proven time and again that it is possible to adapt and thrive under all manner of conditions and economic systems, accumulating immense social capital along the way.

One of the principal elements of social capital is trust. And the level of trust in Moscow Narodny Bank has always been immense. Throughout practically its entire history it has maintained a reputation as a first-class borrower, and its guarantees have commanded the trust of partners of the highest calibre. One could hardly ask more of a credit institution!

Moscow Narodny Bank always had Russia's real economy as its main focus. P. acing itself at the centre of critical developments in our country's history. Before the revolution, when half the country was involved in cooperative enterprises, Mosnarbank served as central bank to the Russian cooperative movement. In the Soviet era, Mosnarbank was at the forefront of the retooling and modernisation of the Soviet economy. Now, the new Moscow Narodny Bank is developing into a major bank with a mission to develop Russia's international partnerships.

There is no doubt that Mosnarbank's history has a lot to teach us.

I hope that thoughtful readers will get a sense of the inner tensions that accompanied global changes in the banking system, and indeed in the country itself, and the evolutionary processes which our nation's oldest bank went through. I, like many readers, did not work at the bank myself, which means that I can look upon events with detachment, though certainly not with indifference — especially as I have found all the characters I have met in the course of preparing this book to be immensely likeable people.

The book could not have seen the light of day without the financial and organisational support given to me by Evrofinance-Mosnarbank OJSC. I would like to express my profound gratitude to the bank's President/Board Chairman, Vladimir Mikhailovich Stolyarenko, and the Chief Executive Director and First Deputy President/Board Chairman, Ilya Konstantinovich Lomakin, for their assistance.

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Writing this book required me to turn to press materials from years gone by. P. ovided in electronic form by the *public.ru* Internet library — for which my thanks go to that organisation's team, general director Oleg Alexandrovich Vlades and deputy general director Inna Petrovna Mayorova.

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Nikolai Krotov

CONTENTS

To the Reader	3
From the Author	_ 5
CHAPTER 1 MOSCOW NARODNY BANK AS THE CENTRAL BANK OF THE RUSSIAN COOPERATIVE MOVEMENT	
The History of the Creation of Moscow Narodny Bank. The Opening of the London Branch	7
The First All-Russian Cooperative Congress	_ 10
The First Chairman of Moscow Narodny Bank — Vladimir Alexandrovich Perelyoshin	_ 15
The First World War, the Cooperative Movement and Moscow Narodny Bank	_ 18
Development of Moscow Narodny Bank's Regional Network	_ 20
Regional Branches	_ 22
Rostov-on-Don	_ 22
Perm	_ 23
Saratov	_ 25
The International Activities of Moscow Narodny Bank	_ 25
Moscow Narodny Bank Between Revolutions	_ 27
Moscow Narodny Bank During the October Revolution	_ 32
The Nationalisation of Moscow Narodny Bank	_ 36
The Rout of Old Cooperation	_ 40
Epilogue to Chapter 1	_ 44

Leonid Borisovich Krasin	4
Document references	_ 50
CHAPTER 2 ENTITIES CLOSELY CONNECTED WITH THE HISTORY OF MOSCOW NARODNY BANK	
Vsekobank	5
The Cooperative Transit Bank	56
Dalbank	59
The Far Eastern Republic	59
Monetary Reform	60
The History of Dalbank	6
The Chinese Eastern Railway (CER)	6
Dalbank in China	6
Alexander Mikhailovich Krasnoshchokov	7
The Shanghai Branch of Moscow Narodny Bank	70
CHAPTER 3 MOSCOW NARODNY BANK LTD. EARLY HISTORY OF THE BANK'S FOUNDATION AND DEVELOPMENT The Activities of Moscow Narodny Bank in London in 1919–1924	
The Return of Moscow Narodny Bank	_ 9
Agreement Signed by Representatives of the All-Russian Cooperative Bank and Moscow Narodny Bank Limited (in London) on the Procedure for the Transfer to Vsekobank of the Assets of the Former Moscow Narodny Bank	_ 9
Moscow Narodny Bank in the Years of the Global Crisis and the First Soviet Five-Year Plans	
Moscow Narodny Bank	
ARCOS Limited — the Cousin of Moscow Narodny Bank	_ 10
The Second World War and the Resumption of Activities of Soviet Banks Abroad	_ 11
Increased Activity in the Post-War Period	_ 12
Moscow Narodny Bank as the Founder of the Eurodollar	_ 12
Document references	_ 13

CHAPTER 4 DEVELOPMENT AND CRISIS

The 1960s — The Golden Age of Moscow Narodny Bank	133
Trade Finance	138
Municipal Bond Investments	144
Relations with Great Britain	146
Moscow Narodny Bank's Bill Programmes	154
Andrei Ilyich Dubonosov (1900–1978)	157
Leisure Time of the Soviet Staff	160
Improvements in Mechanised Accounting at Moscow Narodny Bank	163
A History of the Beirut Branch of Moscow Narodny Bank The Opening of the Branch and Commencement of Activity	166
Problems Arise. Closure of the Branch	174
Wartime Telegrams	188
Report on the Activities of the Beirut Branch of Moscow Narodny Bank in the First Half of 19852	193
Relocation to Cyprus	197
The 1970s — a Period of Steady Growth for Moscow Narodny Bank	200
Currency Operations	
Credit Policy	207
Activities in the Securities Market	211
Trade Unions: A School of Communism?	215
The Evolution of Moscow Narodny Bank's Staff	222
Pay Levels at Moscow Narodny Bank	229
A History of the Singapore Branch of Moscow Narodny Bank	231
The Lead-Up to the Opening of the Branch	232
The Branch on the Rise	239
The Crisis	246
The Judicial Inquiry	249
The Mosbert Holding. Amos Dawe	255
Sifting Through the Wreckage	260

Eddie Wong
Lessons from the Crisis
The Canada Office — Moscow Narodny Bank North America
The Cuban Affair
Regarding Moscow Narodny Bank's Frozen Assets
The 1980s: A Difficult Period of Change
Procurement of Funds for the Soviet Union
Dealings with Socialist Countries
Financing of Trade with Britain and Other Countries
Financing of Imports to the USSR
Currency Operations
Credit Activities
Investment Activity of Moscow Narodny Bank in the Perestroika Era (1986–1989)
The Armenian Earthquake
The Juno Anglo-Soviet Space Mission
The Late 1980s. Momentous Changes
The Singapore Branch of MNB in the 1980s
Crisis at the End of 1991
The Singapore Branch of MNB in the 1990s
The China Office
Development of Moscow Narodny Bank London During the 1990s
Document references
CHAPTER 5 MOSNARBANK'S NEW LIFE. MERGER WITH EVROFINANCE
The Moscow Office and Subsidiary
Merger
Party Gold
Moscow Narodny Bank's Share Capital Through the Years
Regarding the transfer of shares in Moscow Narodny Bank to the Central Bank of Russia_
The Share Capital of Moscow Narodny Bank (March 1946)

The Share Capital of Moscow Narodny Bank (in 1965)	413
Document references	419
APPENDIX THE STORY OF THE LENA GOLD MINES	
AND THE LENA GOLDFIELDS COMPANY	
AND MOSCOW NARODNY BANK'S ROLE IN IT	
The Lena Gold Mines	421
Lena Goldfields	426
'We will bring grief to the whole bourgeoisie'	427
Document references	442
Directors of Moscow Narodny Bank Ltd	443
Senior Officers of the Singapore Branch of Moscow	
Narodny Bank	444
The Beirut, Lebanon Branch of Moscow Narodny Bank	444
Персоналии???	445